



## **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR**

### **Employment and Training Administration**

#### **Program Year (PY) 2023 Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)**

#### **Allotments; PY 2023 Wagner-Peyser Act Allotments and PY 2023 Workforce Information Grants**

**AGENCY:** Employment and Training Administration, Labor.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces allotments for PY 2023 for WIOA Title I Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker Activities programs; allotments for Employment Service (ES) activities under the Wagner-Peyser Act for PY 2023 and the allotments of Workforce Information Grants to States for PY 2023.

**DATES:** The Department must receive comments on the formula used to allot funds to the Outlying Areas by [INSERT DATE 30 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

**ADDRESSES:** Comments on this notice can be submitted electronically to the Employment and Training Administration, Office of Workforce Investment, Robert Kight, Division Chief via email, to [kight.robert@dol.gov](mailto:kight.robert@dol.gov).

Commenters are advised that mail delivery in the Washington area may be delayed due to security concerns. The Department will receive hand-delivered comments at the above address. All overnight mail will be considered hand-delivered and must be received at the designated place by the date specified above. Please be advised that there may be a delay between when the mail is delivered to the building and when the relevant person receives it.

**Comments:** The Department will retain all comments on this notice and will release them upon request via email to any member of the public. The Department will retain all

comments received without making any changes to the comments, including any personal information provided. The Department therefore cautions commenters not to include their personal information such as Social Security Numbers, personal addresses, telephone numbers, and e-mail addresses in their comments; this information would be released with the comment if the comments are requested. It is the commenter's responsibility to safeguard his or her information.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** WIOA Youth Activities allotments Sara Hastings at (202) 693-3599; WIOA Adult and Dislocated Worker Activities and ES allotments – Robert Kight at (202) 693-3937; Workforce Information Grant allotments – Donald Haughton at (202) 693-2784. If you are deaf, hard of hearing, or have a speech disability, please dial 7-1-1 to access telecommunications relay services.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

The Department is announcing WIOA allotments for PY 2023 for Youth Activities, Adults and Dislocated Worker Activities, Wagner-Peyser Act PY 2023 allotments, and PY 2023 Workforce Information Grant allotments. This notice provides information on the amount of funds available during PY 2023 to states with an approved WIOA Combined or Unified State Plan, and information regarding allotments to the Outlying Areas.

WIOA allotments for states and the state allotments for the Wagner-Peyser Act are based on formulas defined in their respective statutes. WIOA requires allotments for the Outlying Areas to be competitively awarded rather than based on a formula determined by the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) as occurred under the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). However, for PY 2023, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 waives the competition requirement, and the Secretary is using the discretionary formula rationale and methodology for allocating PY 2023 funds for the Outlying Areas (American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the

Republic of Palau, and the United States Virgin Islands) that was published in the Federal Register at 65 FR 8236 (Feb. 17, 2000). WIOA specifically included the Republic of Palau as an Outlying Area, except during any period for which the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of Education determine that a Compact of Free Association is in effect and contains provisions for training and education assistance prohibiting the assistance provided under WIOA; no such determinations prohibiting assistance have been made. The formula that the Department of Labor (Department) used for PY 2023 is the same formula used in PY 2022 and is described in the section on Youth Activities program allotments. The Department invites comments only on the formula used to allot funds to the Outlying Areas.

On December 29, 2022, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, Pub. L. 117-328 was signed into law (“the Act”). The Act, division H, title I, sections 106(b) and 107 of the Act allows the Secretary of Labor (Secretary) to set aside up to 0.5 percent of each discretionary appropriation for activities related to program integrity and 0.75 percent of most operating funds for evaluations. For 2023, as authorized by the Act, the Department has set aside \$10,408,000 of the Training and Employment Services (TES) and \$2,556,500 of the State Unemployment Insurance and Employment Services Operations (SUIESO) appropriations impacted in this FRN for these activities. ETA reserved these funds from the WIOA Adult, Youth, Dislocated Worker, Wagner-Peyser Act Employment Service, and Workforce Information Grant program budgets. Any funds not utilized for these reserve activities will be provided to the states. We also have attached tables listing the PY 2023 allotments for programs under WIOA title I Youth Activities (table A), Adult and Dislocated Workers Employment and Training Activities (tables B and C, respectively), and the PY 2023 Wagner-Peyser Act allotments (table D). We also have attached the PY 2023 Workforce Information Grant table (table E) and the total WIOA Youth, Adult and Dislocated Worker funding for Outlying Areas (table F).

**Youth Activities Allotments.** The appropriated level for PY 2023 for WIOA Youth Activities totals \$948,130,000. After reducing the appropriation by \$3,629,000 for set asides authorized by the Act, \$944,501,000 is available for Youth Activities. Table A includes a breakdown of the Youth Activities program allotments for PY 2023 and provides a comparison of these allotments to PY 2022 Youth Activities allotments for all States and Outlying Areas. The WIOA Youth formula has a section in WIOA for a reservation for Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker (MSFW) Youth if the appropriation exceeds \$925,000,000. Per WIOA 127(a)(1), ETA reserved 4 percent (\$925,200) of the excess amount for MSFW Youth. For the Native American Youth program, the total amount available is 1.5 percent of the total amount for Youth Activities (after set asides authorized by the Act) after the MSFW Youth reservation (in accordance with WIOA section 127). The total funding available for the Outlying Areas was reserved at 0.25 percent of the amount appropriated for Youth Activities (after set asides authorized by the Act) after the amount reserved for MSFW Youth and Native American Youth (in accordance with WIOA section 127(b)(1)(B)(i)). On December 17, 2003, Pub. L. 108-188, the Compact of Free Association Amendments Act of 2003 (“the Compact”), was signed into law. The Compact specified that the Republic of Palau remained eligible for WIA title I funding. See 48 U.S.C 1921d(f)(1)(B)(ix). WIOA sec. 512(g)(1) updated the Compact to refer to WIOA funding. The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (division A, title XII, subtitle F, section 1259C(c) of Pub. L. 115-91) authorized WIOA title I funding to Palau through FY 2024.

Under WIA, the Secretary had discretion for determining the methodology for distributing funds to all Outlying Areas. Under WIOA the Secretary must award the funds through a competitive process. However, for PY 2023, the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 waives the competition requirement regarding funding to Outlying Areas (e.g., American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern

Mariana Islands, the Republic of Palau, and the United States Virgin Islands). For PY 2023, the Department used the same methodology used since PY 2000 (i.e., we distribute funds among the Outlying Areas by formula based on relative share of the number of unemployed, a minimum of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage, a \$75,000 minimum, and a 130 percent stop gain of the prior year share). For the relative share calculation in PY 2023, the Department used updated data obtained from the 2020 Census for American Samoa, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the United States Virgin Islands. For the Republic of Palau, the Department used updated data from Palau's 2020 Census. The 2020 Island Areas Censuses (IAC) operation was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. While the enumeration was successful, the COVID-19 pandemic impacted the quality of the detailed social, economic, and housing characteristic data for American Samoa, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Guidance is available at <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/decennial/2020/technical-documentation/island-areas-tech-docs/2020-iac-guidance.pdf>. Palau's data was obtained from the 2021 Statistical Yearbook of the Republic of Palau available at <https://www.palau.gov.pw/wp-content/uploads/2022/07/2021-Statistical-Yearbook.pdf>. The Department will accept comments on this methodology. The Act additionally allows Outlying Areas to submit a single application according to the requirements established by the Secretary for a consolidated grant for Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker funds. Subject to approval of the grant application and other reporting requirements of the Secretary, the Act allows Outlying Areas receiving a consolidated grant to use those funds interchangeably between Adult, Youth, and Dislocated Worker programs or activities. Table F includes the total Youth, Adult and Dislocated Worker funding for Outlying Areas.

After the Department calculated the amount for the MSFW Youth, Outlying Areas and the Native American program, the amount available for PY 2023 allotments to

the states is \$927,098,608. This total amount is below the required \$1 billion threshold specified in WIOA sec. 127(b)(1)(C)(iv)(IV); therefore, the Department did not apply the WIOA additional minimum provisions. Instead, as required by WIOA, the minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent state minimum floor apply. WIOA also provides that no state may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the state for the previous year. The three data factors required by WIOA sec. 127(b)(1)(C)(ii) for the PY 2023 Youth Activities state formula allotments are, summarized slightly, as follows:

- (1) The average number of unemployed individuals in Areas of Substantial Unemployment (ASUs) for the 12-month period, July 2021 - June 2022 in each state compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in ASUs in all states;
- (2) Number of excess unemployed individuals or excess unemployed individuals in ASUs (depending on which is higher) averages for the same 12-month period used for ASU unemployed data compared to the total excess unemployed individuals or ASU excess number in all states; and
- (3) Number of disadvantaged youth (age 16 to 21, excluding college students not in the workforce and military) from special tabulations of data from the American Community Survey (ACS), which the Department obtained from the Census Bureau in each state compared to the total number of disadvantaged youth in all states. ETA obtained updated data for use in PY 2023. The Census Bureau collected the data used in the special tabulations for disadvantaged youth between January 1, 2016 - December 31, 2020.

For purposes of identifying ASUs for the Youth Activities allotment formula, the Department continued to use the data made available by BLS (as described in the Local Area Unemployment Statistics (LAUS) Technical Memorandum No. S-22-13). For

purposes of determining the number of disadvantaged youth, the Department used the special tabulations of ACS data available at:

<https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/budget/formula/disadvantagedyouthadults>

ETA obtained updated data for use in PY 2023 and will publish this information in a forthcoming TEGL.

**Adult Employment and Training Activities Allotments.** The total appropriated funds for Adult Activities in PY 2023 is \$885,649,000. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$2,724,000 for set asides authorized by the Act, \$882,925,000 remains for Adult Activities, of which \$880,717,687 is for states and \$2,207,313 is for Outlying Areas. Table B shows the PY 2023 Adult Employment and Training Activities allotments and a state-by-state comparison of the PY 2023 allotments to PY 2022 allotments.

In accordance with WIOA, the Department reserved the total available for the Outlying Areas at 0.25 percent of the full amount appropriated for Adult Activities (after set asides authorized by the Act). As discussed in the Youth Activities section above, in PY 2023 the Department will distribute the Adult Activities funding for the Outlying Areas, using the same principles, formula, and data as used for outlying areas for Youth Activities. The Department will accept comments on this methodology. After determining the amount for the Outlying Areas, the Department used the statutory formula to distribute the remaining amount available for allotments to the states. The Department did not apply the WIOA minimum provisions for the PY 2023 allotments because the total amount available for the states was below the \$960 million threshold required for Adult Activities in WIOA sec. 132(b)(1)(B)(iv)(IV). Instead, as required by WIOA, the minimums of 90 percent of the prior year allotment percentage and 0.25 percent state minimum floor apply. WIOA also provides that no state may receive an allotment that is more than 130 percent of the allotment percentage for the state for the previous year. The three formula data factors for the Adult Activities program are the

same as those used for the Youth Activities formula, except the Department used data for the number of disadvantaged adults (age 22 to 72, excluding college students not in the workforce and military).

**Dislocated Worker Employment and Training Activities Allotments.** The amount appropriated for Dislocated Worker activities in PY 2023 totals \$1,421,412,000. The total appropriation includes formula funds for the states, while the National Reserve is used for National Dislocated Worker Grants, technical assistance and training, demonstration projects, Workforce Opportunity for Rural Communities, Community College Grants, and the Outlying Areas' Dislocated Worker allotments. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$4,055,000 for set asides authorized by the Act, a total of \$1,417,357,000 remains available for Dislocated Worker activities. The amount available for Outlying Areas is \$3,543,393, leaving \$321,550,607 for the National Reserve and a total of \$1,092,263,000 available for states. Table C shows the PY 2023 Dislocated Worker activities allotments and a state-by-state comparison of the PY 2023 allotments to PY 2022 allotments.

Similar to the Adult Activities program, the Department reserved the total available for the Outlying Areas at 0.25 percent of the full amount appropriated for Dislocated Worker Activities (after set asides authorized by the Act). Similar to Youth and Adult funds, instead of competition, in PY 2023 the Department will use the same pro rata share as the areas received for the PY 2023 WIOA Adult Activities program to distribute the Outlying Areas' Dislocated Worker funds, the same methodology used in PY 2022. The Department will accept comments on this methodology.

The three data factors required in WIOA sec. 132(b)(2)(B)(ii) for the PY 2023 Dislocated Worker state formula allotments are, summarized slightly, as follows:

- (1) Relative number of unemployed individuals in each state, compared to the total number of unemployed individuals in all states, for the 12-month period, October



2021 - September 2022;

- (2) Relative number of excess unemployed individuals in each state, compared to the total excess number of unemployed individuals in all states, for the 12-month period, October 2021 - September 2022; and
- (3) Relative number of long-term unemployed individuals in each state, compared to the total number of long-term unemployed individuals in all states, for the 12-month period, October 2021 - September 2022.

In PY 2023, under WIOA the Dislocated Worker formula uses minimum and maximum provisions. No state may receive an allotment that is less than 90 percent of the state's prior year allotment percentage (stop loss) or more than 130 percent of the state's prior year allotment percentage (stop gain).

**Wagner-Peyser Act ES Allotments.** The appropriated level for PY 2023 for ES grants totals \$680,052,000. After reducing the appropriated amount by \$2,520,500 for set asides authorized by the Act, \$677,531,500 is available for ES grants. After determining the funding for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands, the Department calculated allotments to states using the formula set forth at section 6 of the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49e). The Department based PY 2023 formula allotments on each state's share of calendar year 2022 monthly averages of the civilian labor force (CLF) and unemployment. Section 6(b)(4) of the Wagner-Peyser Act requires the Secretary to set aside up to three percent of the total funds available for ES to ensure that each state will have sufficient resources to maintain statewide ES activities. In accordance with this provision, the Department included the three percent set aside funds in this total allotment. The Department distributed the set-aside funds in two steps to states that have experienced a reduction in their relative share of the total resources available this year from their relative share of the total resources available the previous year. In Step 1, states that have a CLF below one million and are also below the median CLF density

were maintained at 100 percent of their relative share of prior year resources. ETA calculated the median CLF density based on CLF data provided by the BLS for calendar year 2022. The Department distributed all remaining set-aside funds on a pro-rata basis in Step 2 to all other states experiencing reductions in relative share from the prior year but not meeting the size and density criteria for Step 1. The distribution of ES funds (table D) includes \$675,879,914 for states, as well as \$1,651,586 for Outlying Areas.

Section 7(a) of the Wagner-Peyser Act (49 U.S.C. § 49f(a)) authorizes states to use 90 percent of funds allotted to a state for labor exchange services and other career services such as job search and placement services to job seekers; appropriate recruitment services for employers; program evaluations; developing and providing labor market and occupational information; developing management information systems; and administering the work test for unemployment insurance claimants. Section 7(b) of the Wagner-Peyser Act states that 10 percent of the total sums allotted to each state must be reserved for use by the Governor to provide performance incentives for public ES offices and programs, provide services for groups with special needs, and to provide for the extra costs of exemplary models for delivering services of the type described in section 7(a) and models for enhancing professional development and career advancement opportunities of state agency staff.

To provide services such as outreach to MSFWs, State Monitor Advocate (SMA) responsibilities, and others, State Workforce Agencies, (SWAs) must use Wagner-Peyser Act ES funding to provide employment services to migrant and seasonal farmworkers (MSFW), which are described at 20 CFR § 651, 653, 654, and 658.

**Workforce Information Grants Allotments.** Total PY 2023 funding for Workforce Information Grants allotments to states is \$32,000,000. After reducing the total by \$36,000 for set asides authorized by the Act, \$31,964,000 is available for Workforce Information Grants. Table E contains the allotment figures for each state and Outlying

Area. The Department distributes the funds by administrative formula, with a reserve of \$176,714 for Guam and the United States Virgin Islands. Guam and the United States Virgin Islands allotment amounts are partially based on CLF data, which the Department updated this year with data from the 2020 Census. The Department distributes the remaining funds to the states with 40 percent distributed equally to all states and 60 percent distributed based on each state's share of CLF for the 12 months ending September 2022.

**Table A**

**U.S. Department of Labor  
Employment and Training Administration  
WIOA Youth Activities State Allotments  
Comparison of PY 2023 Allotments vs PY 2022 Allotments**

<b>State</b>	<b>PY 2022</b>	<b>PY 2023</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>% Difference</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$928,841,800</b>	<b>\$943,575,800</b>	<b>\$14,734,000</b>	<b>1.59%</b>
<b>Alabama</b>	11,388,121	10,411,891	(976,230)	-8.57%
<b>Alaska</b>	4,183,488	3,824,865	(358,623)	-8.57%
<b>Arizona</b>	27,807,148	25,423,422	(2,383,726)	-8.57%
<b>Arkansas</b>	5,881,616	5,543,794	(337,822)	-5.74%
<b>California</b>	141,613,074	142,969,572	1,356,498	0.96%
<b>Colorado</b>	13,703,113	12,528,434	(1,174,679)	-8.57%
<b>Connecticut</b>	10,925,731	12,065,981	1,140,250	10.44%
<b>Delaware</b>	2,350,947	2,959,957	609,010	25.90%
<b>District of Columbia</b>	4,221,055	3,859,211	(361,844)	-8.57%
<b>Florida</b>	42,902,700	39,224,930	(3,677,770)	-8.57%
<b>Georgia</b>	17,404,272	15,912,317	(1,491,955)	-8.57%
<b>Hawaii</b>	3,855,827	3,760,088	(95,739)	-2.48%
<b>Idaho</b>	2,580,180	2,358,998	(221,182)	-8.57%
<b>Illinois</b>	39,986,105	43,578,256	3,592,151	8.98%
<b>Indiana</b>	15,415,332	14,093,876	(1,321,456)	-8.57%
<b>Iowa</b>	5,512,351	5,652,031	139,680	2.53%
<b>Kansas</b>	4,977,764	4,551,053	(426,711)	-8.57%
<b>Kentucky</b>	12,022,727	12,961,971	939,244	7.81%
<b>Louisiana</b>	15,380,021	14,121,001	(1,259,020)	-8.19%
<b>Maine</b>	2,578,709	2,821,164	242,455	9.40%
<b>Maryland</b>	13,647,037	18,022,572	4,375,535	32.06%
<b>Massachusetts</b>	19,376,968	21,018,238	1,641,270	8.47%
<b>Michigan</b>	33,787,421	34,408,717	621,296	1.84%
<b>Minnesota</b>	10,497,536	9,597,650	(899,886)	-8.57%

Mississippi	10,463,206	9,566,263	(896,943)	-8.57%
Missouri	10,182,689	11,203,397	1,020,708	10.02%
Montana	2,281,555	2,317,747	36,192	1.59%
Nebraska	2,924,329	2,673,645	(250,684)	-8.57%
Nevada	11,823,134	10,809,613	(1,013,521)	-8.57%
New Hampshire	2,669,419	2,440,587	(228,832)	-8.57%
New Jersey	26,917,413	26,580,977	(336,436)	-1.25%
New Mexico	7,789,461	8,661,716	872,255	11.20%
New York	68,508,072	71,279,759	2,771,687	4.05%
North Carolina	22,179,701	24,201,171	2,021,470	9.11%
North Dakota	2,281,555	2,317,747	36,192	1.59%
Ohio	37,495,574	34,281,322	(3,214,252)	-8.57%
Oklahoma	7,521,576	6,876,800	(644,776)	-8.57%
Oregon	10,396,634	9,505,398	(891,236)	-8.57%
Pennsylvania	38,433,440	42,912,756	4,479,316	11.65%
Puerto Rico	23,575,954	21,554,940	(2,021,014)	-8.57%
Rhode Island	3,633,400	3,321,932	(311,468)	-8.57%
South Carolina	8,818,543	9,325,293	506,750	5.75%
South Dakota	2,281,555	2,317,747	36,192	1.59%
Tennessee	14,787,821	14,138,571	(649,250)	-4.39%
Texas	73,435,799	91,789,734	18,353,935	24.99%
Utah	3,842,315	3,512,938	(329,377)	-8.57%
Vermont	2,281,555	2,317,747	36,192	1.59%
Virginia	15,915,259	14,550,947	(1,364,312)	-8.57%
Washington	20,928,382	19,134,328	(1,794,054)	-8.57%
West Virginia	6,015,297	5,499,645	(515,652)	-8.57%
Wisconsin	10,957,464	10,018,152	(939,312)	-8.57%
Wyoming	2,281,555	2,317,747	36,192	1.59%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>912,621,900</b>	<b>927,098,608</b>	<b>14,476,708</b>	<b>1.59%</b>
American Samoa	244,726	322,923	78,197	31.95%
Guam	830,674	886,216	55,542	6.69%
Northern Marianas	453,848	414,942	(38,906)	-8.57%
Palau	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
Virgin Islands	683,025	624,474	(58,551)	-8.57%
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>2,287,273</b>	<b>2,323,555</b>	<b>36,282</b>	<b>1.59%</b>
<b>Native Americans</b>	<b>13,932,627</b>	<b>14,153,637</b>	<b>221,010</b>	<b>1.59%</b>

**Table B**

**U.S. Department of Labor**  
**Employment and Training Administration**  
**WIOA Adult Activities State Allotments**  
**Comparison of PY 2023 Allotments vs PY 2022 Allotments**

State	PY 2022	PY 2023	Difference	% Difference
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<b>Total</b>	<b>\$867,625,000</b>	<b>\$882,925,000</b>	<b>\$15,300,000</b>	<b>1.76%</b>
<b>Alabama</b>	11,031,823	10,103,726	(928,097)	-8.41%
<b>Alaska</b>	3,923,005	3,592,966	(330,039)	-8.41%
<b>Arizona</b>	26,301,024	24,088,343	(2,212,681)	-8.41%
<b>Arkansas</b>	5,680,370	5,361,433	(318,937)	-5.61%
<b>California</b>	136,107,910	137,974,143	1,866,233	1.37%
<b>Colorado</b>	12,435,718	11,389,512	(1,046,206)	-8.41%
<b>Connecticut</b>	9,952,310	10,953,250	1,000,940	10.06%
<b>Delaware</b>	2,254,630	2,853,613	598,983	26.57%
<b>District of Columbia</b>	3,820,554	3,499,134	(321,420)	-8.41%
<b>Florida</b>	43,812,497	40,126,592	(3,685,905)	-8.41%
<b>Georgia</b>	16,678,811	15,275,638	(1,403,173)	-8.41%
<b>Hawaii</b>	3,656,552	3,803,223	146,671	4.01%
<b>Idaho</b>	2,309,760	2,201,794	(107,966)	-4.67%
<b>Illinois</b>	37,628,657	41,284,587	3,655,930	9.72%
<b>Indiana</b>	14,145,314	12,955,282	(1,190,032)	-8.41%
<b>Iowa</b>	4,015,782	4,080,702	64,920	1.62%
<b>Kansas</b>	4,215,743	3,861,076	(354,667)	-8.41%
<b>Kentucky</b>	11,923,641	12,635,450	711,809	5.97%
<b>Louisiana</b>	14,842,227	13,875,218	(967,009)	-6.52%
<b>Maine</b>	2,452,358	2,591,045	138,687	5.66%
<b>Maryland</b>	13,150,215	17,396,744	4,246,529	32.29%
<b>Massachusetts</b>	16,456,845	18,040,385	1,583,540	9.62%
<b>Michigan</b>	31,085,117	31,989,992	904,875	2.91%
<b>Minnesota</b>	8,866,650	8,120,707	(745,943)	-8.41%
<b>Mississippi</b>	10,013,878	9,171,420	(842,458)	-8.41%
<b>Missouri</b>	9,425,238	10,386,320	961,082	10.20%
<b>Montana</b>	2,163,640	2,201,794	38,154	1.76%
<b>Nebraska</b>	2,237,848	2,201,794	(36,054)	-1.61%
<b>Nevada</b>	11,527,452	10,557,658	(969,794)	-8.41%
<b>New Hampshire</b>	2,531,459	2,318,490	(212,969)	-8.41%
<b>New Jersey</b>	26,373,115	25,950,239	(422,876)	-1.60%
<b>New Mexico</b>	7,526,365	8,347,447	821,082	10.91%
<b>New York</b>	66,720,730	69,333,637	2,612,907	3.92%
<b>North Carolina</b>	21,080,103	22,972,996	1,892,893	8.98%
<b>North Dakota</b>	2,163,640	2,201,794	38,154	1.76%
<b>Ohio</b>	34,884,358	31,949,569	(2,934,789)	-8.41%
<b>Oklahoma</b>	7,114,498	6,515,962	(598,536)	-8.41%
<b>Oregon</b>	10,110,571	9,259,978	(850,593)	-8.41%
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	35,455,175	39,877,363	4,422,188	12.47%
<b>Puerto Rico</b>	24,441,918	22,385,642	(2,056,276)	-8.41%
<b>Rhode Island</b>	3,135,173	2,871,414	(263,759)	-8.41%
<b>South Carolina</b>	8,493,087	9,001,080	507,993	5.98%
<b>South Dakota</b>	2,163,640	2,201,794	38,154	1.76%
<b>Tennessee</b>	14,440,407	13,853,614	(586,793)	-4.06%
<b>Texas</b>	69,525,372	86,292,577	16,767,205	24.12%
<b>Utah</b>	2,988,412	2,737,000	(251,412)	-8.41%
<b>Vermont</b>	2,163,640	2,201,794	38,154	1.76%

<b>Virginia</b>	14,854,061	13,604,402	(1,249,659)	-8.41%
<b>Washington</b>	19,695,933	18,038,932	(1,657,001)	-8.41%
<b>West Virginia</b>	5,876,607	5,382,213	(494,394)	-8.41%
<b>Wisconsin</b>	9,438,464	8,644,415	(794,049)	-8.41%
<b>Wyoming</b>	2,163,640	2,201,794	38,154	1.76%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>865,455,937</b>	<b>880,717,687</b>	<b>15,261,750</b>	<b>1.76%</b>
<b>American Samoa</b>	231,650	306,253	74,603	32.21%
<b>Guam</b>	786,288	840,469	54,181	6.89%
<b>Northern Marianas</b>	429,597	393,455	(36,142)	-8.41%
<b>Palau</b>	75,000	75,000	0	0.00%
<b>Virgin Islands</b>	646,528	592,136	(54,392)	-8.41%
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>2,169,063</b>	<b>2,207,313</b>	<b>38,250</b>	<b>1.76%</b>

**Table C**

**U.S. Department of Labor**  
**Employment and Training Administration**  
**WIOA Dislocated Worker Activities State Allotments**  
**Comparison of PY 2023 Allotments vs PY 2022 Allotments**

<b>State</b>	<b>PY 2022</b>	<b>PY 2023</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>% Difference</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,371,910,000</b>	<b>\$1,417,357,000</b>	<b>\$45,447,000</b>	<b>3.31%</b>
<b>Alabama</b>	14,354,136	13,164,128	(1,190,008)	-8.29%
<b>Alaska</b>	6,952,482	6,376,097	(576,385)	-8.29%
<b>Arizona</b>	32,882,281	30,156,226	(2,726,055)	-8.29%
<b>Arkansas</b>	5,004,071	4,589,216	(414,855)	-8.29%
<b>California</b>	172,716,686	158,397,875	(14,318,811)	-8.29%
<b>Colorado</b>	15,998,009	14,671,719	(1,326,290)	-8.29%
<b>Connecticut</b>	13,434,048	12,320,319	(1,113,729)	-8.29%
<b>Delaware</b>	2,792,814	2,561,280	(231,534)	-8.29%
<b>District of Columbia</b>	9,172,120	12,150,262	2,978,142	32.47%
<b>Florida</b>	46,716,550	42,843,586	(3,872,964)	-8.29%
<b>Georgia</b>	30,438,974	27,915,478	(2,523,496)	-8.29%
<b>Hawaii</b>	2,787,961	2,556,829	(231,132)	-8.29%
<b>Idaho</b>	1,847,221	2,007,847	160,626	8.70%
<b>Illinois</b>	46,778,485	61,967,225	15,188,740	32.47%
<b>Indiana</b>	13,628,787	12,498,913	(1,129,874)	-8.29%
<b>Iowa</b>	4,497,235	4,124,399	(372,836)	-8.29%
<b>Kansas</b>	4,139,435	3,796,262	(343,173)	-8.29%
<b>Kentucky</b>	13,250,923	12,152,376	(1,098,547)	-8.29%

<b>Louisiana</b>	16,817,514	15,423,284	(1,394,230)	-8.29%
<b>Maine</b>	2,242,181	2,056,296	(185,885)	-8.29%
<b>Maryland</b>	17,212,091	15,785,149	(1,426,942)	-8.29%
<b>Massachusetts</b>	22,669,765	20,790,363	(1,879,402)	-8.29%
<b>Michigan</b>	31,292,714	28,698,440	(2,594,274)	-8.29%
<b>Minnesota</b>	9,426,224	8,644,757	(781,467)	-8.29%
<b>Mississippi</b>	13,933,482	12,778,348	(1,155,134)	-8.29%
<b>Missouri</b>	10,956,060	10,047,765	(908,295)	-8.29%
<b>Montana</b>	1,596,891	1,464,503	(132,388)	-8.29%
<b>Nebraska</b>	2,006,552	1,840,202	(166,350)	-8.29%
<b>Nevada</b>	14,994,671	19,863,366	4,868,695	32.47%
<b>New Hampshire</b>	2,118,850	1,943,190	(175,660)	-8.29%
<b>New Jersey</b>	36,473,636	33,449,845	(3,023,791)	-8.29%
<b>New Mexico</b>	14,928,088	19,466,660	4,538,572	30.40%
<b>New York</b>	82,585,211	108,043,045	25,457,834	30.83%
<b>North Carolina</b>	23,457,549	21,512,837	(1,944,712)	-8.29%
<b>North Dakota</b>	813,070	745,664	(67,406)	-8.29%
<b>Ohio</b>	30,695,154	28,150,420	(2,544,734)	-8.29%
<b>Oklahoma</b>	6,139,713	5,630,710	(509,003)	-8.29%
<b>Oregon</b>	10,443,575	9,577,767	(865,808)	-8.29%
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	42,934,413	55,648,335	12,713,922	29.61%
<b>Puerto Rico</b>	62,908,530	83,334,615	20,426,085	32.47%
<b>Rhode Island</b>	3,552,454	3,257,943	(294,511)	-8.29%
<b>South Carolina</b>	11,779,701	10,803,123	(976,578)	-8.29%
<b>South Dakota</b>	1,322,041	1,212,439	(109,602)	-8.29%
<b>Tennessee</b>	14,429,101	13,232,879	(1,196,222)	-8.29%
<b>Texas</b>	83,358,322	76,447,629	(6,910,693)	-8.29%
<b>Utah</b>	3,518,216	3,226,544	(291,672)	-8.29%
<b>Vermont</b>	1,005,465	922,108	(83,357)	-8.29%
<b>Virginia</b>	14,152,452	12,979,165	(1,173,287)	-8.29%
<b>Washington</b>	22,254,509	20,409,533	(1,844,976)	-8.29%
<b>West Virginia</b>	10,610,160	9,730,541	(879,619)	-8.29%
<b>Wisconsin</b>	10,874,839	9,973,277	(901,562)	-8.29%
<b>Wyoming</b>	1,005,588	922,221	(83,367)	-8.29%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>1,071,901,000</b>	<b>1,092,263,000</b>	<b>20,362,000</b>	<b>1.90%</b>
<b>American Samoa</b>	366,291	491,627	125,336	34.22%
<b>Guam</b>	1,243,297	1,349,203	105,906	8.52%
<b>Northern Marianas</b>	679,289	631,612	(47,677)	-7.02%
<b>Palau</b>	118,592	120,397	1,805	1.52%
<b>Virgin Islands</b>	1,022,306	950,554	(71,752)	-7.02%
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>3,429,775</b>	<b>3,543,393</b>	<b>113,618</b>	<b>3.31%</b>
<b>National Reserve</b>	<b>296,579,225</b>	<b>321,550,607</b>	<b>24,971,382</b>	<b>8.42%</b>

**Table D**

**U. S. Department of Labor  
Employment and Training Administration**

**Employment Service (Wagner-Peyser)**  
**PY 2023 vs PY 2022 Allotments**

<b>State</b>	<b>PY 2022</b>	<b>PY 2023</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>% Difference</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$672,277,000</b>	<b>\$677,531,500</b>	<b>\$5,254,500</b>	<b>0.78%</b>
<b>Alabama</b>	8,132,935	8,157,290	24,355	0.30%
<b>Alaska</b>	7,307,972	7,365,091	57,119	0.78%
<b>Arizona</b>	14,420,924	14,367,195	(53,729)	-0.37%
<b>Arkansas</b>	4,980,892	5,068,542	87,650	1.76%
<b>California</b>	82,214,927	81,499,358	(715,569)	-0.87%
<b>Colorado</b>	12,535,126	12,513,087	(22,039)	-0.18%
<b>Connecticut</b>	7,441,172	7,546,077	104,905	1.41%
<b>Delaware</b>	1,900,099	2,041,275	141,176	7.43%
<b>District of Columbia</b>	1,918,142	1,924,337	6,195	0.32%
<b>Florida</b>	38,879,016	38,791,016	(88,000)	-0.23%
<b>Georgia</b>	18,713,831	18,884,035	170,204	0.91%
<b>Hawaii</b>	2,851,951	2,811,112	(40,839)	-1.43%
<b>Idaho</b>	6,088,841	6,136,431	47,590	0.78%
<b>Illinois</b>	26,228,600	26,805,431	576,831	2.20%
<b>Indiana</b>	12,199,107	12,198,042	(1,065)	-0.01%
<b>Iowa</b>	5,922,601	6,083,922	161,321	2.72%
<b>Kansas</b>	5,369,400	5,370,575	1,175	0.02%
<b>Kentucky</b>	7,699,960	8,028,686	328,726	4.27%
<b>Louisiana</b>	8,565,336	8,511,466	(53,870)	-0.63%
<b>Maine</b>	3,620,977	3,649,278	28,301	0.78%
<b>Maryland</b>	12,301,343	12,638,485	337,142	2.74%
<b>Massachusetts</b>	14,909,252	14,841,028	(68,224)	-0.46%
<b>Michigan</b>	19,223,218	19,625,843	402,625	2.09%
<b>Minnesota</b>	10,949,342	10,868,056	(81,286)	-0.74%
<b>Mississippi</b>	5,216,683	5,186,386	(30,297)	-0.58%
<b>Missouri</b>	11,234,763	11,219,804	(14,959)	-0.13%
<b>Montana</b>	4,975,831	5,014,722	38,891	0.78%
<b>Nebraska</b>	4,580,711	4,489,626	(91,085)	-1.99%
<b>Nevada</b>	6,837,890	6,814,792	(23,098)	-0.34%
<b>New Hampshire</b>	2,612,731	2,625,284	12,553	0.48%
<b>New Jersey</b>	18,696,713	18,623,063	(73,650)	-0.39%
<b>New Mexico</b>	5,583,759	5,627,402	43,643	0.78%
<b>New York</b>	40,021,771	39,960,265	(61,506)	-0.15%
<b>North Carolina</b>	18,987,978	19,548,712	560,734	2.95%
<b>North Dakota</b>	5,066,886	5,106,489	39,603	0.78%
<b>Ohio</b>	22,422,864	22,892,147	469,283	2.09%
<b>Oklahoma</b>	6,664,893	6,825,929	161,036	2.42%
<b>Oregon</b>	8,219,250	8,641,616	422,366	5.14%
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	25,780,925	25,998,063	217,138	0.84%
<b>Puerto Rico</b>	5,922,930	5,882,119	(40,811)	-0.69%
<b>Rhode Island</b>	2,226,894	2,217,710	(9,184)	-0.41%



<b>South Carolina</b>	8,758,024	8,820,458	62,434	0.71%
<b>South Dakota</b>	4,682,968	4,719,570	36,602	0.78%
<b>Tennessee</b>	12,337,195	12,583,460	246,265	2.00%
<b>Texas</b>	56,597,052	57,724,443	1,127,391	1.99%
<b>Utah</b>	5,574,504	5,704,059	129,555	2.32%
<b>Vermont</b>	2,193,768	2,210,914	17,146	0.78%
<b>Virginia</b>	15,417,551	15,516,383	98,832	0.64%
<b>Washington</b>	15,464,004	15,860,228	396,224	2.56%
<b>West Virginia</b>	5,360,119	5,402,014	41,895	0.78%
<b>Wisconsin</b>	11,191,329	11,276,927	85,598	0.76%
<b>Wyoming</b>	3,633,273	3,661,671	28,398	0.78%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>670,638,223</b>	<b>675,879,914</b>	<b>5,241,691</b>	<b>0.78%</b>
<b>Guam</b>	314,574	317,033	2,459	0.78%
<b>Virgin Islands</b>	1,324,203	1,334,553	10,350	0.78%
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>1,638,777</b>	<b>1,651,586</b>	<b>12,809</b>	<b>0.78%</b>

**Table E**

**U. S. Department of Labor  
Employment and Training Administration  
Workforce Information Grants to States  
PY 2023 vs PY 2022 Allotments**

<b>State</b>	<b>PY 2022</b>	<b>PY 2023</b>	<b>Difference</b>	<b>% Difference</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$31,956,000</b>	<b>\$31,964,000</b>	<b>\$8,000</b>	<b>0.03%</b>
<b>Alabama</b>	506,864	507,924	1,060	0.21%
<b>Alaska</b>	285,764	286,168	404	0.14%
<b>Arizona</b>	669,420	657,611	(11,809)	-1.76%
<b>Arkansas</b>	404,322	400,348	(3,974)	-0.98%
<b>California</b>	2,470,599	2,464,249	(6,350)	-0.26%
<b>Colorado</b>	619,163	616,964	(2,199)	-0.36%
<b>Connecticut</b>	455,646	462,764	7,118	1.56%
<b>Delaware</b>	301,848	302,193	345	0.11%
<b>District of Columbia</b>	292,570	288,891	(3,679)	-1.26%
<b>Florida</b>	1,461,300	1,469,215	7,915	0.54%
<b>Georgia</b>	851,132	852,260	1,128	0.13%
<b>Hawaii</b>	320,990	322,411	1,421	0.44%
<b>Idaho</b>	350,918	353,672	2,754	0.78%
<b>Illinois</b>	973,900	987,543	13,643	1.40%
<b>Indiana</b>	637,447	632,989	(4,458)	-0.70%
<b>Iowa</b>	438,745	440,864	2,119	0.48%
<b>Kansas</b>	422,438	417,786	(4,652)	-1.10%
<b>Kentucky</b>	478,220	482,524	4,304	0.90%

<b>Louisiana</b>	488,417	485,663	(2,754)	-0.56%
<b>Maine</b>	324,031	322,796	(1,235)	-0.38%
<b>Maryland</b>	612,523	614,643	2,120	0.35%
<b>Massachusetts</b>	681,313	678,587	(2,726)	-0.40%
<b>Michigan</b>	804,659	803,595	(1,064)	-0.13%
<b>Minnesota</b>	601,540	599,354	(2,186)	-0.36%
<b>Mississippi</b>	394,407	390,181	(4,226)	-1.07%
<b>Missouri</b>	606,182	599,314	(6,868)	-1.13%
<b>Montana</b>	307,706	309,540	1,834	0.60%
<b>Nebraska</b>	364,735	367,117	2,382	0.65%
<b>Nevada</b>	426,010	420,134	(5,876)	-1.38%
<b>New Hampshire</b>	333,085	332,764	(321)	-0.10%
<b>New Jersey</b>	765,235	782,350	17,115	2.24%
<b>New Mexico</b>	356,841	353,848	(2,993)	-0.84%
<b>New York</b>	1,339,210	1,336,973	(2,237)	-0.17%
<b>North Carolina</b>	835,128	831,353	(3,775)	-0.45%
<b>North Dakota</b>	291,967	291,755	(212)	-0.07%
<b>Ohio</b>	913,859	911,075	(2,784)	-0.30%
<b>Oklahoma</b>	463,701	460,596	(3,105)	-0.67%
<b>Oregon</b>	498,069	497,674	(395)	-0.08%
<b>Pennsylvania</b>	985,407	986,238	831	0.08%
<b>Puerto Rico</b>	369,856	383,058	13,202	3.57%
<b>Rhode Island</b>	308,165	310,763	2,598	0.84%
<b>South Carolina</b>	525,780	520,463	(5,317)	-1.01%
<b>South Dakota</b>	299,791	299,427	(364)	-0.12%
<b>Tennessee</b>	636,477	634,898	(1,579)	-0.25%
<b>Texas</b>	1,907,849	1,918,307	10,458	0.55%
<b>Utah</b>	439,232	443,356	4,124	0.94%
<b>Vermont</b>	281,711	283,068	1,357	0.48%
<b>Virginia</b>	745,168	744,227	(941)	-0.13%
<b>Washington</b>	704,841	707,273	2,432	0.35%
<b>West Virginia</b>	337,779	336,359	(1,420)	-0.42%
<b>Wisconsin</b>	608,147	606,138	(2,009)	-0.33%
<b>Wyoming</b>	279,199	278,023	(1,176)	-0.42%
<b>State Total</b>	<b>31,779,306</b>	<b>31,787,286</b>	<b>7,980</b>	<b>0.03%</b>
<b>Guam</b>	93,031	97,657	4,626	4.97%
<b>Virgin Islands</b>	83,663	79,057	(4,606)	-5.51%
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>176,694</b>	<b>176,714</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>0.01%</b>

**Table F**

**U.S. Department of Labor**  
**Employment and Training Administration**  
**WIOA Youth, Adult, and Dislocated Worker Outlying Areas Funding**  
**PY 2023**

	<b>Youth</b>	<b>Adult</b>	<b>Dislocated Worker</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>American Samoa</b>	322,923	306,253	491,627	1,120,803

<b>Guam</b>	886,216	840,469	1,349,203	3,075,888
<b>Northern Marianas</b>	414,942	393,455	631,612	1,440,009
<b>Palau</b>	75,000	75,000	120,397	270,397
<b>Virgin Islands</b>	624,474	592,136	950,554	2,167,164
<b>Outlying Areas Total</b>	<b>2,323,555</b>	<b>2,207,313</b>	<b>3,543,393</b>	<b>8,074,261</b>

**Brent Parton,**

*Acting Assistant Secretary for Employment and Training, Labor.*

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